

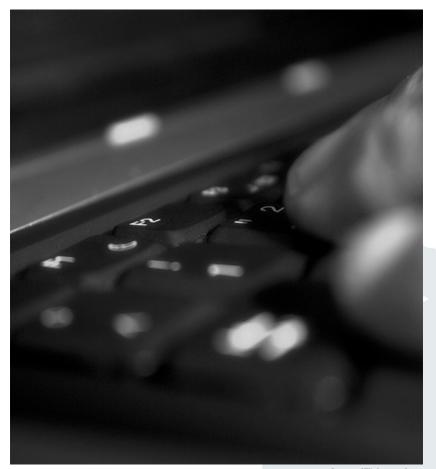
Chair of Mobile Business & Multilateral Security

Exercise 6
Business Informatics 2 (PWIN)

Databases & Data-oriented Modelling

SQL

Frédéric Tronnier, M.Sc. www.m-chair.de



Jenser (Flickr.com)



Lehrevaluation + Umfrage

Lehrevaluation

Akzeptanz von Endnutzern zum digitalen Euro

Veranstaltung:

Lehrperson:

Evaluationstermin:

URL:

QR-Code:

Wirtschaftsinformatik 2 PWIN
Prof. Dr. Kai Rannenberg
06.07.2021, 10:00 - 12:00 Uhr
http://r.sd.uni-frankfurt.de/b01c9fc2

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https://mchair.survey.unifrankfurt.de/index.php/ 119494?lang=de

Verlosung von 5x 25€ Amazon-Gutscheinen

http://r.sd.uni-frankfurt.de/b01c9fc2



Exercise 1: Entity Relationship Model

Exercise 2: Deriving Relations from an ERM

Exercise 3: SQL

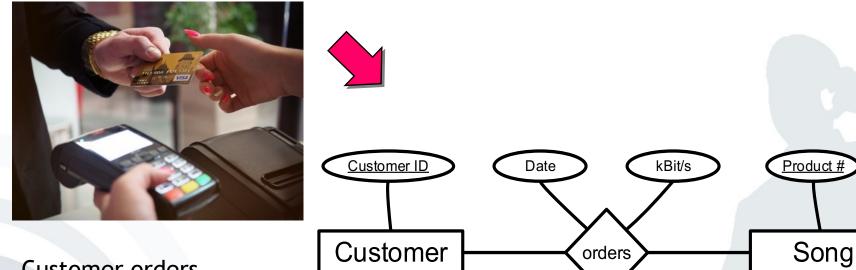


Exercise 1: Entity Relationship Model



Repetition: ERM

- Modelling of the problem statement from functional perspective
- Abstraction from technical aspects and implementations
- Different modelling concepts (e.g. ERM, SERM, ...) available



Customer orders a song.



Create an ER model which represents the structure of a university:

- Identify and mark the primary key for each entity and avoid as far as possible artificial keys (e.g. ID).
- Define the cardinalities, using the interval notation.
- Make explicitly use of weak entities.

The ER model should be based on the following information:

- A university consists of different departments. Each of them has a name and a unique number.
- Departments are structured into chairs with unique names. They offer at least one lecture.
- Each chair offers a number of lectures which are described with course number, title and description.
- Exams can be distinguished by its type. For each lecture two exams are offered: One normal exam and one repeat exam. The number of participants for an exam is not limited.
- A student can register for any number of exams. Furthermore, a student is assigned to one department and has a matriculation number and a name.



1.) Define entities

Department

Student

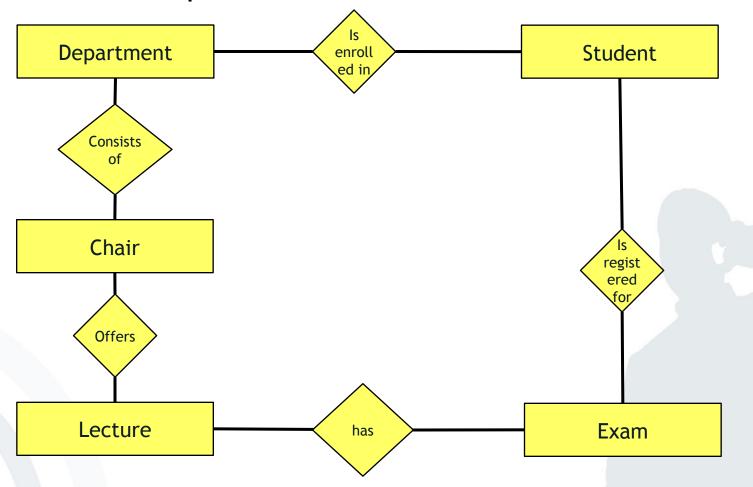
Chair

Lecture

Exam

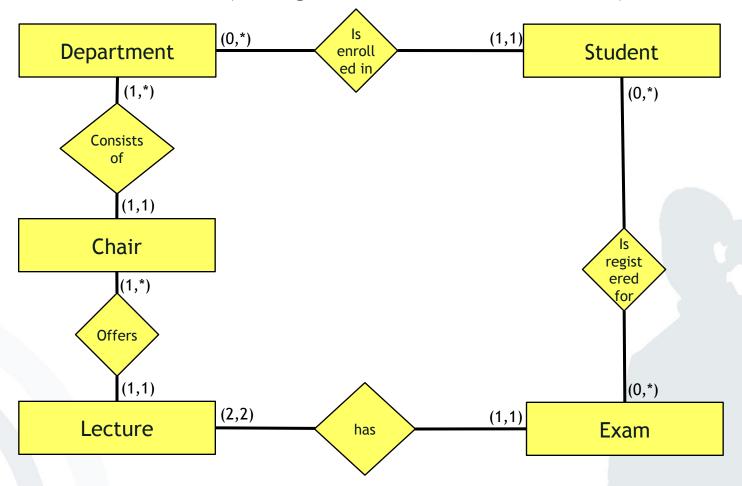


2.) Define relationships between entities





3.) Define cardinalities (using the interval notation)





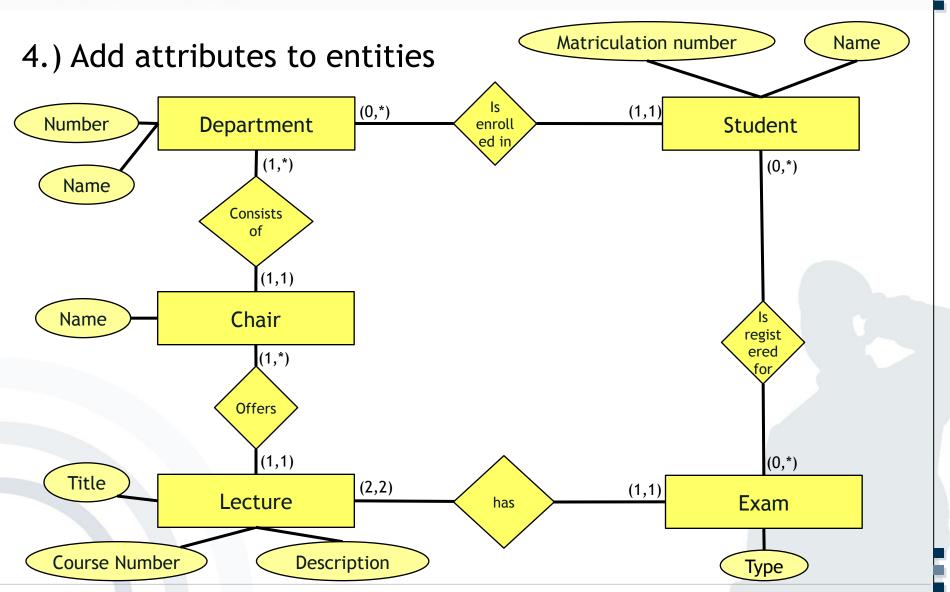
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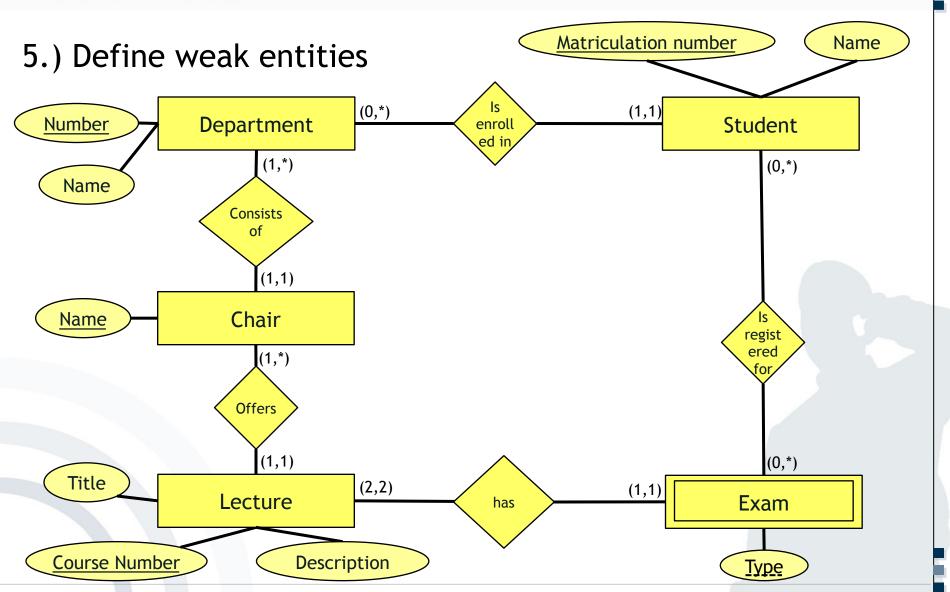
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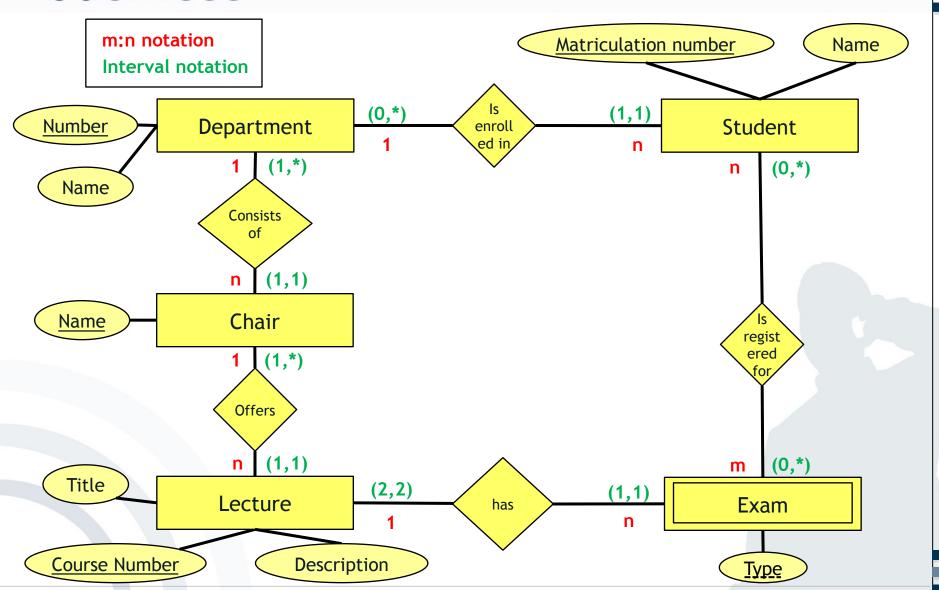






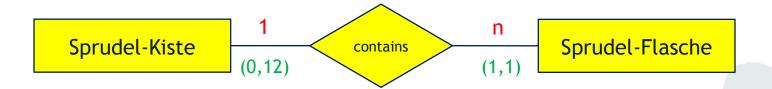








Cardinalites



Intervals (according to Ferstl/Sinz, 2001)



Exercise 1: Entity Relationship Model

Exercise 2: Deriving Relations from an ERM

Exercise 3: SQL

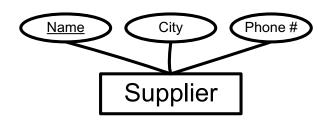


Repetition: Deriving Relations from an ERM



 The relation type with its corresponding attributes is derived from the entity type.

Example:

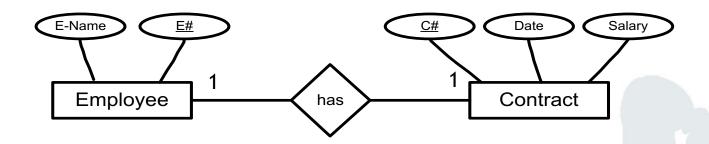


<u>Name</u>	City	Phone#



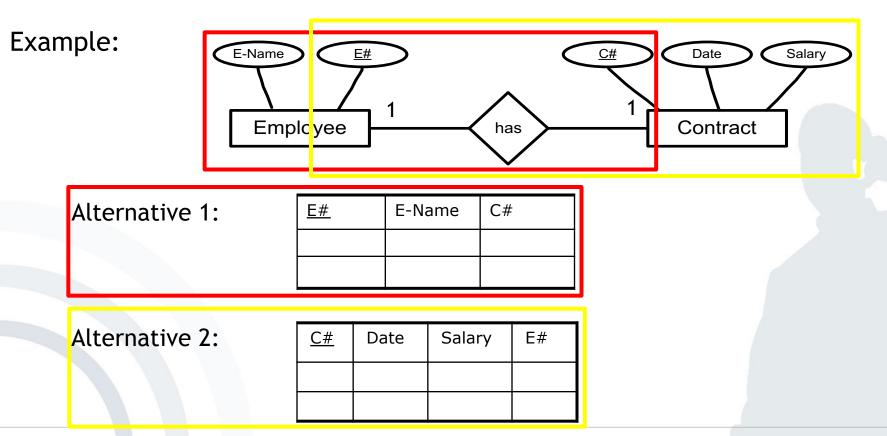
- A 1:1 relationship type does NOT become a relation on its own.
- The information is to be 'attached' to one of the involved entity types.

Example:



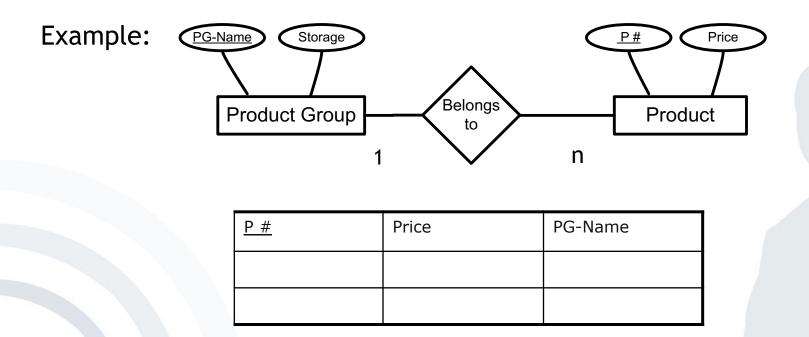


- A 1:1 relationship type does NOT become a relation on its own.
- The information is to be 'attached' to one of the involved entity types.





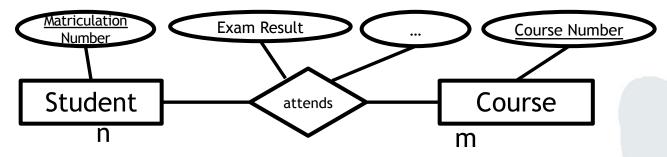
- A 1:n relationship type does NOT become a relation on its own.
- The information is to be 'attached' to that relation that corresponds to the entity type with the n-signed edge.





- An n:m-relationship type induces an additional relation-type.
- The relation contains
 - primary keys of involved entity types as attributes
 - and additional attributes of the relation types

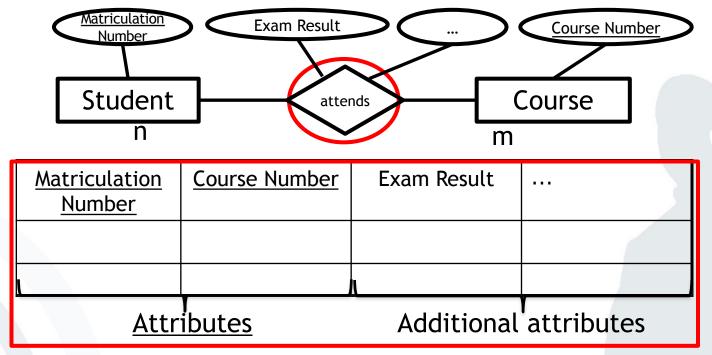
Example:





- An n:m-relationship type induces an additional relation-type.
- The relation contains
 - primary keys of involved entity types as attributes
 - and additional attributes of the relation types

Example:



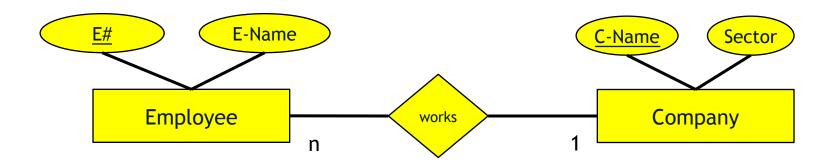
Note: In order to reflect the complete ER Model above, two more relations (Student(<u>Matriculation Number</u>) and Course (<u>Course Number</u>)) are required. The relation above connects both Student and Course entities.



Exercise 2: Deriving Relations from an ERM

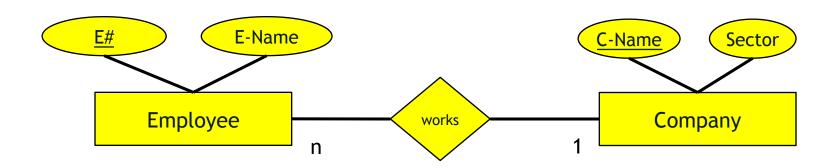


Exercise 2a) 1:n-Relationship





Exercise 2a) 1:n-Relationship



Employee:

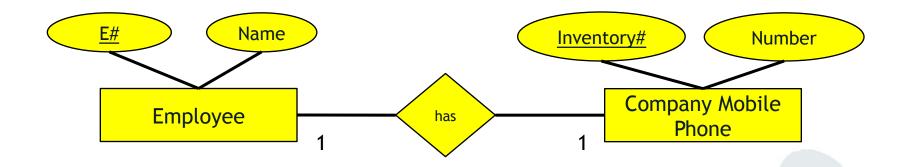
<u>E#</u>	E-Name	C-Name
•••		•••

Company:

<u>C-Name</u>	Sector
•••	•••

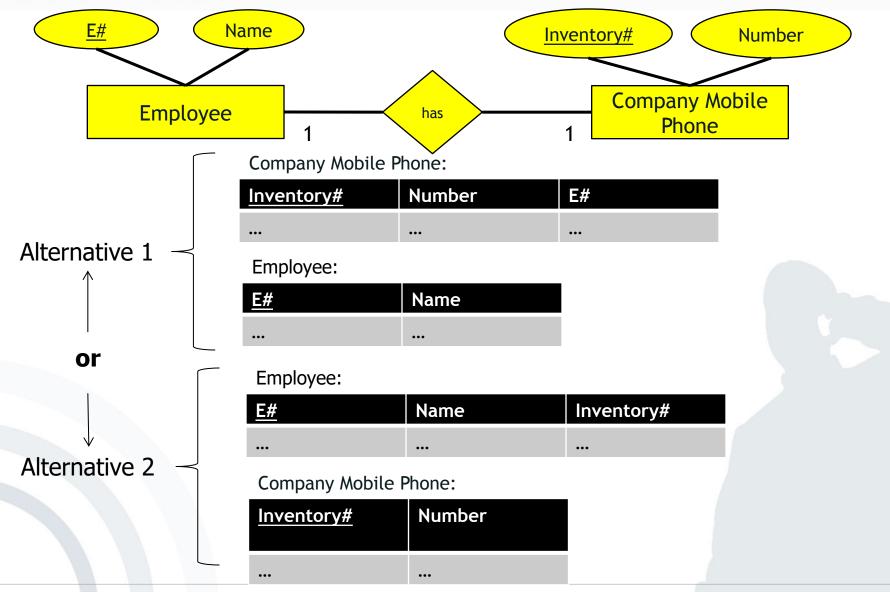


Exercise 2b) 1:1-Relationship



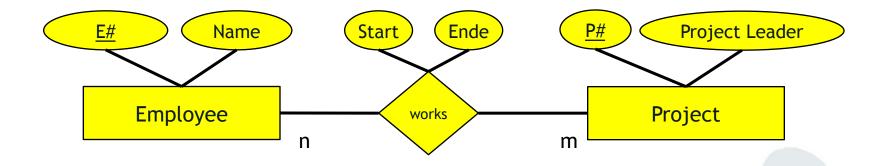
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Exercise 2b) 1:1-Relationship



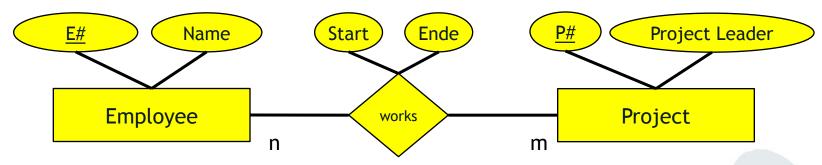


Exercise 2c) n:m-Relationship





Exercise 2c) n:m-Relationship



Employee:

<u>E#</u>	Name
•••	•••

Project:

<u>P#</u>	Project Leader
•••	•••

works:

<u>E#</u>	<u>P#</u>	Start	End
•••	•••	•••	•••



Exercise 1: Entity Relationship Model

Exercise 2: Deriving Relations from an ERM

Exercise 3: SQL



Write the appropriate SQL statements to answer the following questions and draw the table which will be returned as a result.

The Fortune Bank database consists of the four tables branch, customer, loan and borrower.



Database: Fortune Bank

Table: branch

branch_name	branch_city	assets
Brighton	Brooklyn	7100000.00
Downtown	Brooklyn	9000000.00
Mianus	Horseneck	400000.00
North Town	Rye	3700000.00
Perryridge	Horseneck	1700000.00
Pownal	Bennington	300000.00
Redwood	Palo Alto	2100000.00
Round Hill	Horseneck	8000000.00

customer_name	customer_street	customer_city
Adams	Spring	Pittsfield
Brooks	Senator	Brooklyn
Curry	North	Rye
Glenn	Sand Hill	Woodside
Green	Walnut	Stamford
Hayes	Main	Harrison
Jackson	University	Salt Lake
Johnson	Alma	Palo Alto
Jones	Main	Harrison
Lindsay	Park	Pittsfield
Smith	Main	Rye
Turner	Putnam	Stamford
Williams	Nassau	Princeton



Database: Fortune Bank

Table: loan

loan_number	branch_name	amount
L-11	Round Hill	900.00
L-14	Downtown	1500.00
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00
L-17	Downtown	1000.00
L-23	Redwood	2000.00
L-93	Mianus	500.00

Table: borrower

customer_name	loan_number
Adams	L-16
Curry	L-93
Hayes	L-15
Jackson	L-14
Jones	L-17
Smith	L-11
Smith	L-23
Williams	L-17



a) What is the average amount of loans over all branches?

SELECT AVG(amount)
FROM loan

1242.857142

Table: loan

loan_number	branch_name	amount
L-11	Round Hill	900.00
L-14	Downtown	1500.00
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00
L-17	Downtown	1000.00
L-23	Redwood	2000.00
L-93	Mianus	500.00



b) What is the total amount of loans granted by the Fortune Bank?

SELECT SUM(amount)
FROM loan

8700.00

Table: loan

loan_number	branch_name	amount
L-11	Round Hill	900.00
L-14	Downtown	1500.00
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00
L-17	Downtown	1000.00
L-23	Redwood	2000.00
L-93	Mianus	500.00



c) How many branches does the Fortune Bank have?

SELECT COUNT (branch_name)
FROM branch

8

Table: branch

branch_name	branch_city	assets
Brighton	Brooklyn	7100000.00
Downtown	Brooklyn	9000000.00
Mianus	Horseneck	400000.00
North Town	Rye	3700000.00
Perryridge	Horseneck	1700000.00
Pownal	Bennington	300000.00
Redwood	Palo Alto	2100000.00
Round Hill	Horseneck	8000000.00



d) How many loans were granted exceeding \$1000?

SELECT COUNT(loan_number)
FROM loan
WHERE amount>1000

4

Table: loan

loan_number	branch_name	amount
L-11	Round Hill	900.00
L-14	Downtown	1500.00
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00
L-17	Downtown	1000.00
L-23	Redwood	2000.00
L-93	Mianus	500.00



e) How many borrowers are serviced by the branch 'Downtown' and live in Princeton?

loan_number	branch_name	amount
L-11	Round Hill	900.00
L-14	Downtown	1500.00
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00
L-17	Downtown	1000.00
L-23	Redwood	2000.00
L-93	Mianus	500.00

Table: borrower

customer_name	loan_number
Adams	L-16
Curry	L-93
Hayes	L-15
Jackson	L-14
Jones	L-17
Smith	L-11
Smith	L-23
Williams	L-17

Table: loan

customer_name	customer_street	customer_city
Adams	Spring	Pittsfield
Brooks	Senator	Brooklyn
Curry	North	Rye
Glenn	Sand Hill	Woodside
Green	Walnut	Stamford
Hayes	Main	Harrison
Jackson	University	Salt Lake
Johnson	Alma	Palo Alto
Jones	Main	Harrison
Lindsay	Park	Pittsfield
Smith	Main	Rye
Turner	Putnam	Stamford
Williams	Nassau	Princeton



e) How many **borrowers** are serviced by the **branch** 'Downtown' and **live** in Princeton?

branch_name	amount
Round Hill	900.00
Downtown	1500.00
Perryridge	1500.00
Perryridge	1300.00
Downtown	1000.00
Redwood	2000.00
Mianus	500.00
	Round Hill Downtown Perryridge Perryridge Downtown Redwood

Table: borrower

customer_name	loan_number
Adams	L-16
Curry	L-93
Hayes	L-15
Jackson	L-14
Jones	L-17
Smith	L-11
Smith	L-23
Williams	L-17

Table: loan

			_
customer_name	customer_street	customer_city	
Adams	Spring	Pittsfield	
Brooks	Senator	Brooklyn	
Curry	North	Rye	
Glenn	Sand Hill	Woodside	
Green	Walnut	Stamford	
Hayes	Main	Harrison	
Jackson	University	Salt Lake	
Johnson	Alma	Palo Alto	
Jones	Main	Harrison	
Lindsay	Park	Pittsfield	
Smith	Main	Rye	
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Williams	Nassau	Princeton	



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L-16	Perryridge	1300.00
L-17	Downtown	1000.00
L-23	Redwood	2000.00
L-93	Mianus	500.00

Table:	borr	owe	r

Teletic, per ovier		
customer_name	loan_number	
Adams	b 16	
Curry	L-93	
Hayes	L-15	
Jackson	L-14	
Jones	L-17	
Smith	L-11	
Smith	L-23	
Williams	L-17	

Table: loan

customer_name	customer_street	customer_city
Adams	Spring	Pittsfield
Brooks	Senator	Brooklyn
Curry	North	Rye
Glenn	Sand Hill	Woodside
Green	Walnut	Stamford
Hayes	Main	Harrison
Jackson	University	Salt Lake
Johnson	Alma	Palo Alto
Jones	Main	Harrison
Lindsay	Park	Pittsfield
Smith	Main	Rye
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T_2h		220
100	iC.	loan

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L-15	Perryridge	1500.00	
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L-23	Redwood	2000.00	
L-93	Mianus	500.00	

Table: borrower

customer_name	loan_number	
Adams	L-16	
Curry	L-93	
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Jackson	L-14	
Jones	L-17	
Smith	L-11	
Smith	L-23	
Williams	L-17	

loan_number	branch_name	amount	customer_name
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00	Adams
L-93	Mianus	500.00	Curry
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00	Hayes
L-14	Downtown	1500.00	Jackson
L-17	Downtown	1000.00	Jones
L-11	Round Hill	900.00	Smith
L-23	Redwood	2000.00	Smith
L-17	Downtown	1000.00	Williams

loan INNER JOIN borrower ON loan.loan_number=borrower.loan_number



How many borrowers are serviced by the branch 'Downtown' and live in Princeton?

loan_number	branch_name	amount	customer_name
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00	Adams
L-93	Mianus	500.00	Curry
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00	Hayes
L-14	Downtown	1500.00	Jackson
L-17	Downtown	1000.00	Jones
L-11	Round Hill	900.00	Smith
L-23	Redwood	2000.00	Smith
L-17	Downtown	1000.00	Williams

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Lindsay	Park	Pittsfield
Smith	Main	Rye
Turner	Putnam	Stamford
Williams	Nassau	Princeton

loan_number	branch_name	amount	customer_name	customer_street	customer_city
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00	Adams	Spring	Pittsfield
L-93	Mianus	500.00	Curry	North	Rye
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00	Hayes	Main	Harrison
L-14	Downtown	1500.00	Jackson	University	Salt Lake
L-17	Downtown	1000.00	Jones	Main	Harrison
L-11	Round Hill	900.00	Smith	Main	Rye
L-23	Redwood	2000.00	Smith	Main	Rye
L-17	Downtown	1000.00	Williams	Nassau	Princeton

(loan INNER JOIN borrower ON loan.loan_number=borrower.loan_number)
INNER JOIN customer ON borrower.customer_name = customer.customer_name



How many borrowers are serviced by the branch 'Downtown' and live in Princeton?

```
SELECT COUNT(customer.customer_name)
FROM (loan INNER JOIN borrower ON
    loan.loan_number=borrower.loan_number) AS newtable INNER JOIN
    customer ON newtable.customer_name = customer.customer_name
WHERE branch_name='Downtown' AND customer_city='Princeton'
```



Attention: the first new table, created thorugh the loan-borrower join, receives a new name through "AS newtable"



f) Insert a new loan in the table 'loan'.

loan_number	branch_name	amount	
L-11	Round Hill	900.00	
L-14	Downtown	1500.00	
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00	
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00	
L-17	Downtown	1000.00	
L-23	Redwood	2000.00	
L-93	Mianus	500.00	



loan_number	branch_name	amount	
L-11	Round Hill	900.00	
L-14	Downtown	1500.00	
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00	
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00	
L-17	Downtown	1000.00	
L-23	Redwood	2000.00	
L-93	Mianus	500.00	
L-94	Downtown	4000.00	

```
INSERT INTO loan (loan_number, branch_name, amount)
VALUES ('L-94', 'Downtown', 4000)
```



g) Delete the previously inserted entry from the table 'loan'.

loan_number	branch_name	amount
L-11	Round Hill	900.00
L-14	Downtown	1500.00
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00
L-17	Downtown	1000.00
L-23	Redwood	2000.00
L-93	Mianus	500.00
L-94	Downtown	4000.00



loan_number branch_name		amount	
L-11	Round Hill	900.00	
L-14	Downtown	1500.00	
L-15	Perryridge	1500.00	
L-16	Perryridge	1300.00	
L-17	Downtown	1000.00	
L-23	Redwood	2000.00	
L-93	Mianus	500.00	

DELETE FROM loan
WHERE loan number='L-94'



How to learn SQL

- <u>W3Schools.com</u> provides databases, exercises and explanations
 - → Will be used in the mentoriums
- Mystery.knightlab.com provides a murder mystery game to learn SQL
 - → Find the murder in several police databases, using SQL



Open Questions?