

Exercise 2 - Cryptography



Mobile Business II (SS 2017)

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Exercise 1: Caesar Cipher

 Decrypt the following word, encrypted with the Caesar cipher:

JYFWAVNYHWOF



Caesar Cipher

Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н		J	K	L	M
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	٧	W	X	Υ	Z
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25

- We assign a number for every character.
- This enables us to calculate with letters as if they were numbers.





• Encryption:

- 1. Assign numbers to characters (A=0, B=1,...)
- 2. Choose key k (0,..., 25)
- 3. Compute (num(char) + k) mod 26, where char is the character to encrypt and num(x) the number assigned to character x (e.g. num(A) = 0)

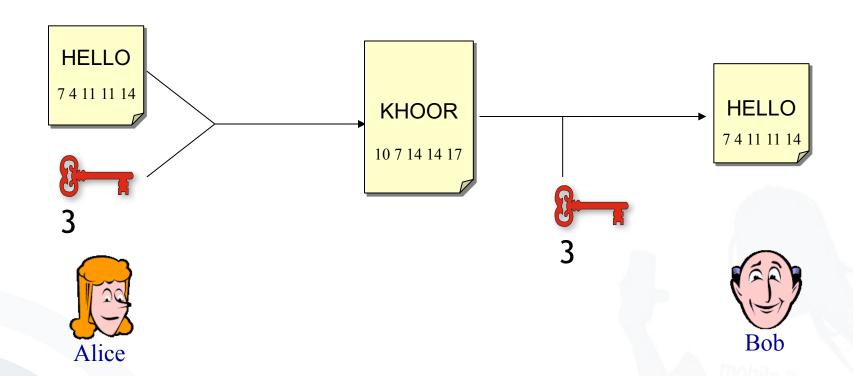




- How to decrypt?
- Decryption:
 - 1. Choose key k (0,..., 25)
 - 2. Assign numbers to characters (A=0, B=1,...)
 - 3. Compute (num(char) k) mod 26, where char is the character to encrypt and num(x) the number assigned to character x
 - 4. Repeat steps for all characters
 - 5. Stop, if decrypted word makes sense



Caesar Cipher: Example







Let's try:

Key	J	Υ	F	W	A	V	N	Υ	Н	W	0	F
1	ı	Χ	Е	V	Z	U	M	X	G	V	N	E
2	Н	W	D	U	Y	Т	L	W	F	U	M	D
3	G	V	С	Т	Χ	S	K	V	Ε	Т	L	С
4	F	U	В	S	W	R	J	U	D	S	K	В
5	Е	Т	Α	R	V	Q	I	Т	С	R	J	Α
6	D	S	Z	Q	U	Р	Н	S	В	Q	I	Z
7	C	R	Y	Р	Т	0	G	R	Α	Р	Н	Y



Assessment of Caesar Cipher

- Very simple form of encryption.
- The encryption and decryption algorithms are very easy and fast to compute.
- It uses a very limited key space (n=26)
- Therefore, the encryption is very easy and fast to compromise.



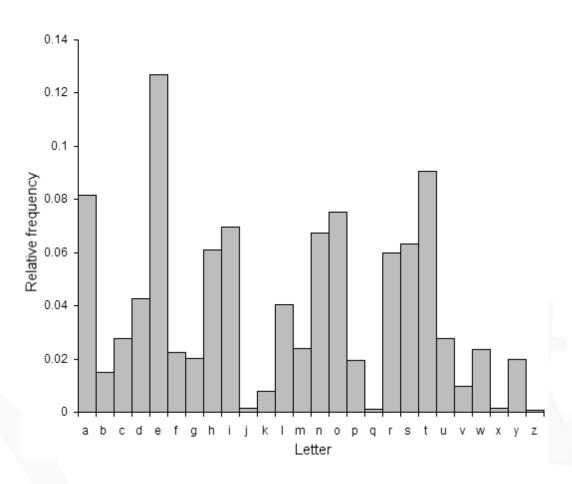
Some Cool Stuff! Can a Tool Decrypt This?

pelcgbtencul cevbe gb gur zbgrea ntr jnf rssrpgviryl flabalzbhf jvgu rapelcgvba, gur pbairefvba bs vasbeznqvba sebz n ernqnoyr fqnqr qb nccneraq abafrafr. qur bevtvanqbe bs na rapelcgrg zrffntr funerg gur grpbgvat grpuavdhr arrgrg gb erpbire gur bevtvany vasbezngvba bayl jvgu vagragrg erpvcvragf, gurerol cerpyhqvat hajnagrg crefbaf gb gb qur fnzr. fvapr jbeyg jne v nag gur ngirag bs gur pbzchgre, gur zrgubgf hfrg gb pneel bhg pelcgbybtl unir orpbzr vapernfvatyl pbzcyrk nag vgf nccyvpngvba zber jvgrfcerng. zbgrea pelcqbtencul vf urnivyl onfrq ba zngurzngvpny gurbel nag pbzchgre fpvrapr cenpgvpr; pelcgbtencuvp nytbevguzf ner grfvtarg nebhag pbzchgngvbany unegarff nffhzcqvbaf, znxvat fhpu nytbevquzf uneq qb oernx va cenpqvpr ol nal nqirefnel. vq vf qurbergypnyyl cbffvoyr qb oernx fhpu n flfgrz ohg vg vf vasrnfvoyr qb qb fb ol nal xabja cenpgypny zrnaf. gurfr fpurzrf ner gurersber grezrg pbzchgngybanyyl frpher; qurbergypny nginaprf, r.t., vzcebirzragf va vagrtre snpgbevmngvba nytbevguzf, nag snfgre pbzchqvat grpuabybtl erdhver gurfr fbyhqvbaf gb or pbaqvahnyyl ngncgrq. gurer rkvfg vasbezngvba-gurbergvpnyyl frpher fpurzrf gung cebinoyl pnaabg or oebxra rira jvgu hayvzvqrq pbzchqvat cbjre-na rknzcyr vf qur bar-qvzr cnq-ohq qurfr fpurzrf ner zber qvssvphyq qb vzcyrzraq quna qur orfq qurberqvpnyyl oernxnoyr ohq pbzchqnqvbanyyl frpher zrpunavfzf.

http://nayuki.eigenstate.org/page/automatic-caesar-cipher-breaker-javascript



Cryptanalysis



English letters frequency



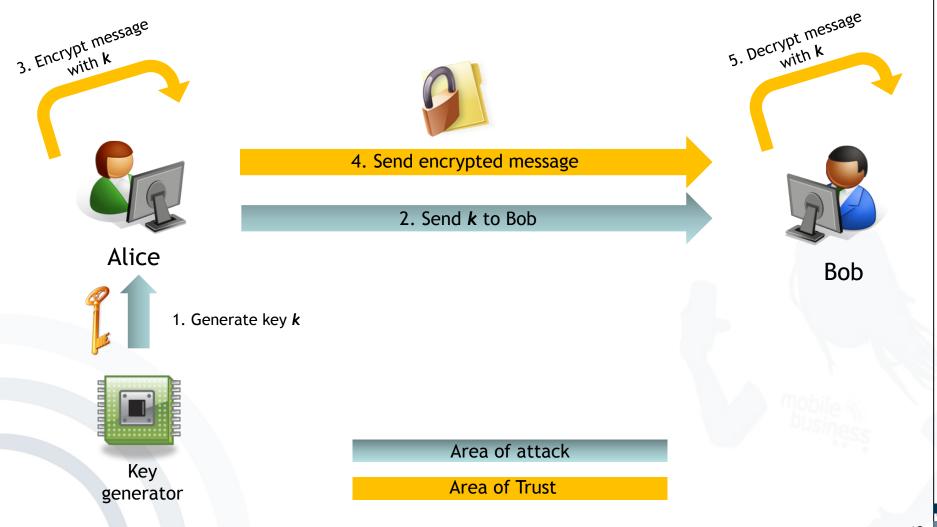
- 1. Imagine the following situation: Alice wants to share a secret with Bob and therefore sends an encrypted message to Bob.
 - 1.1 Sketch the process by using symmetric encryption/decryption.
 - a. Complete the illustration by highlighting each step and adding all missing elements such as keys, involved 3rd parties,...







Exercise 2: Cryptosystems - Symmetric Encryption





b. What are pre-conditions for this approach?



b. What are pre-conditions for this approach?

- →Generation of shared symmetric key
- →Exchange of (secret) shared key
 - → Need for secure channel



c. What are advantages and disadvantages of symmetric encryption/decryption?

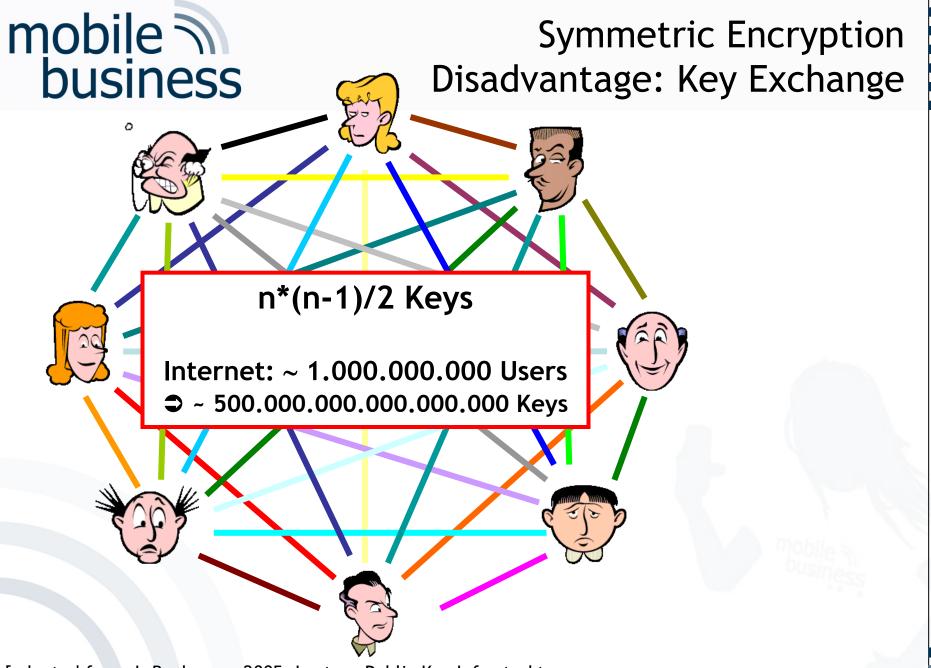


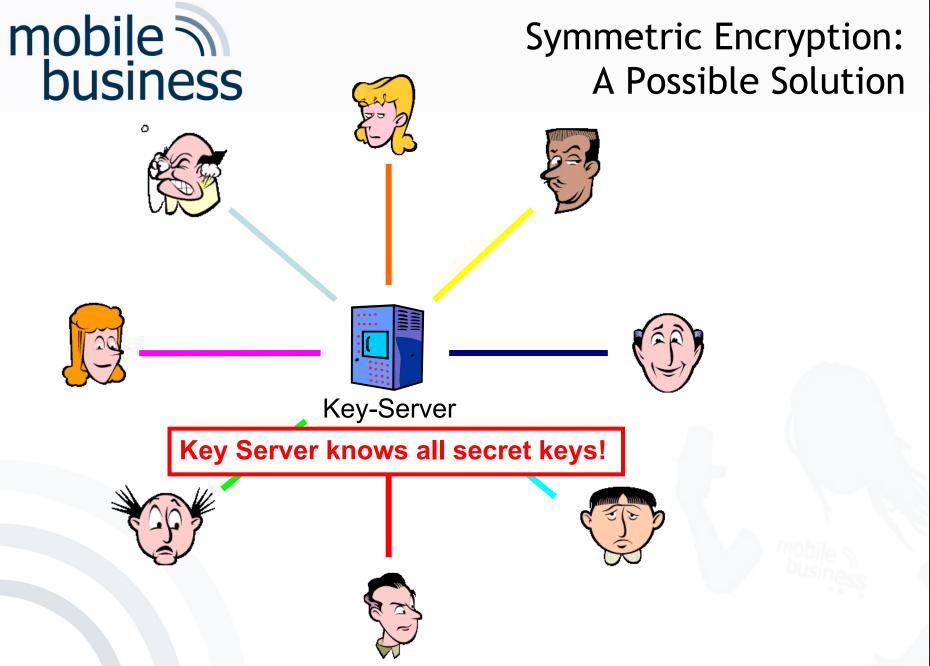
Symmetric Encryption: Advantage

Advantage: Algorithms are very fast

Algorithm	Performance*
RC6	138 ms
AES	173 ms
SERPENT	200 ms
IDEA	288 ms
MARS	394 ms
TWOFISH	697 ms
DES-ede	726 ms

^{*)} Encryption of 1 MB-blocks with an Athlon 1GHz processor





[J. Buchmann 2005: Lecture Public Key Infrastrukturen, FG Theoretische Informatik, TU-Darmstadt]



Exercise 2 - Asymmetric Encryption

- 1.2 Sketch the process by using asymmetric encryption/decryption.
 - a. Complete the illustration by highlighting each step and adding all missing elements such as keys, involved 3rd parties,...







4. Encrypt message

With Bob's public

key Kpub

Exercise 2: Cryptosystems -**Asymmetric Encryption**

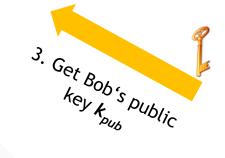


5. Send encrypted message





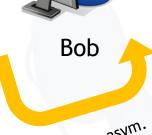
Alice





server





1. Generate asym. key pair (Kpub, Kpriv)



b. What are pre-conditions for this approach?



b. What are pre-conditions for this approach?

- →Generation of asymmetric key pairs
- → Publishing public part of key
- → Private key must be kept secret (!)



c. What are advantages and disadvantages of asymmetric encryption/decryption?



Performance of Public Key Algorithms

Algorithm	Performance*
El Gamal	1826 s
RSA	16 s

Disadvantage: Complex operations with very big numbers

Algorithms are very slow

*) Encryption of 1 MB-blocks with an Athlon 1GHz processor



c. What are advantages and disadvantages of asymmetric encryption/decryption?

Advantages:

- No secret must be shared
- Only one key per endpoint

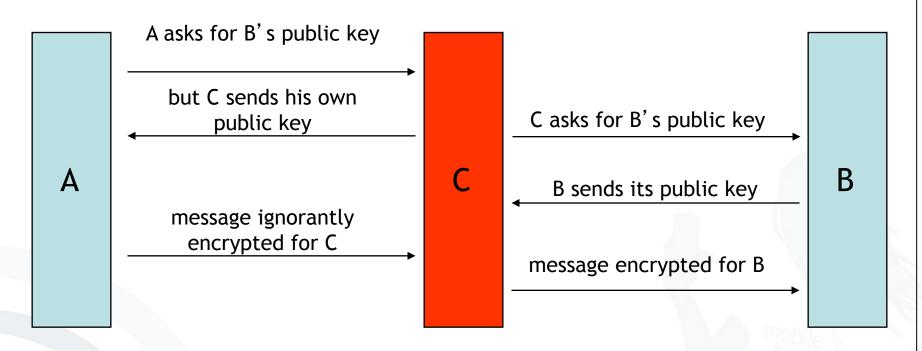
Disadvantages:

- Algorithms are very slow
- Man-in-the-middle-attack



Attacks on Public Key Distribution

"Man in the middle attack"



Keys are certified, that means a third person/institution confirms (with its digital signature) the affiliation of the public key to a person





- 1.3 Sketch the process by using PGP.
 - Complete the illustration by highlighting each step and adding all missing elements such as keys, involved 3rd parties,...







Exercise 2: Cryptosystems - PGP

- 5. Encrypt message with session key $k_{session}$
- 6. Encrypt session key with Bobs public key k_{pub}



encrypted session key $k_{session}$

2. Publish Public key Kpub

7. Send encrypted message

8. Decrypt session key with private key k_{priv}

9. Decrypt message with session key $k_{session}$







1. Generate asym. key pair (kpub, kpriv)





Alice



4. Generate session key $k_{session}$



Kev generator





server



Area of attack

Area of Trust



b. What are pre-conditions for this approach?



b. What are pre-conditions for this approach?

- →Generation of asymmetric key pairs
- → Publishing public part of key
- → Private key must be kept secret (!)
- →Generation of session key



c. What are advantages and disadvantages of PGP?



- c. What are advantages and disadvantages of PGP?
- → Hybrid encryption
 - → Advantages of both symmetric and asymmetric encryption



PGP: Practical Attacks and Weaknesses

- Brute-Force-Attacks on the pass phrase
 - PGPCrack for conventionally encrypted files
- Trojan horses, changed PGP-Code
 - e.g. predictable random numbers, encryption with an additional key
- Attacks on the computer of the user
 - not physically deleted files
 - paged memory
 - keyboard monitoring



Mention possible ways for distributing keys and discuss advantages as well as disadvantages.



Mention possible ways for distributing keys and discuss advantages as well as disadvantages.

- > Manually (e.g. on flash disc)
- > Over existing secure channel
- > Download from (trusted) key server
- > Stored on Smart Card
- Based on certificates
- > Key exchange protocols



Literature

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